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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/777,044	02/13/2004	Bijan Tadayon	111325-234900	3920
22204 NIXON PEABO	7590 08/13/200 ODY, LLP	EXAMINER		
401 9TH STRE		KUCAB, JAMIE R		
SUITE 900 WASHINGTON, DC 20004-2128			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3621	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/13/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/777,044	TADAYON ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		JAMIE KUCAB	3621				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any (ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATES as on time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. It is period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	lely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>17 Ap</u>	nril 2008					
•	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.						
′=	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
٥,١	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	on of Claims						
· ·		n in the application					
-	Claim(s) <u>1,3-20,22-37 and 39-54</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
	5)☑ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6)☑ Claim(s) <u>1,3-20,22-37 and 39-54</u> is/are rejected.						
· ·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.	u.					
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement					
		olocion requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers						
•	The specification is objected to by the Examine						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some coll None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
2) 🔲 Notic 3) 🔯 Infori	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date 6/18/2008, 2/20/2008, 2/8/08	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ite				

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DETAILED ACTION

Acknowledgements

- 1. Applicant's response filed April 17, 2008 is acknowledged.
- 2. Claims 1, 3-20, 22-37, and 39-54 are pending in the application.
- 3. This Office action is given Paper No. 20080229 for reference purposes only.
- 4. The Examiner for this application has changed since the previous Office action mailed November 23, 2007. Please note that the Examiner of record is now Jamie Kucab.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

- 5. 35 U.S.C. § 101 reads as follows:
 - Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.
- 6. Claims 1-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. §101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. Based on Supreme Court precedent and recent Federal Circuit decisions, a § 101 process must (1) be tied to another statutory class (such as a particular apparatus) or (2) transform underlying subject matter (such as an article or materials) to a different state or thing. *Diamond v. Diehr*, 450 U.S. 175, 184 (1981); *Parker v. Flook*, 437 U.S. 584, 588 n.9 (1978); *Gottschalk v. Benson*, 409 U.S. 63, 70 (1972); *Cochrane v. Deener*, 94 U.S. 780,787-88 (1876). The process steps in claims 1-17 are not tied to another statutory class nor do they execute a transformation. Thus, they are non-statutory. Although Applicant recites a computer

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readable medium, this is done only in a descriptive fashion to say that the usage right comprises "computer readable data stored on a recording medium, the data of the usage right specifying an authorized use of digital content and being enforceable by a repository". However, as recited, the method does not centrally employ nor even require the use of the recording medium. That is, the steps of "specifying", "determining", and "dynamically assigning" do not require the computer-readable medium. The computer-readable medium only contains a piece of data that is part of the usage right. The data itself is never explicitly used in the process. Therefore, the data on the recording medium constitutes non-functional descriptive material and does not make the process statutory.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

7. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. § 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 8. Claims 1, 6, 8-16, 18-20, 25, 27-35, 37, 39, 43, and 45-53 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Stefik et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,638,443.
- 9. As per claims 2, 6, 8-16, 18-21, 25, 27-35, 37-39, 43, and 45-53, Stefik et al. teach a method for dynamically assigning usage rights comprising:

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a. specifying a usage right (figures 7-item 704, 10, 14 and 15; column/line 17/50-21/30; column/line 24/62-26/16) specifying use of digital content (e.g. audio, video, text, software) (column 5, lines 48-61)

- b. determining a status of a dynamic condition (i.e. time, time of day) (external to the usage right) (column 18, lines 50-56; column/line 21/32-22/18) and assigning the usage right to digital content based on the status of the dynamic condition (e.g. current time to establish expiration or metering dates) (column 21, lines 32-58)
- c. usage right such as fees (figure 15; column 17, lines 50-61; column/line 23/65-24/61), distribution (figure 15; column 18, lines 8-20; column 19, lines 44-58), number of times it can be used (column/line 20/63-21/10; column 23, lines 18-20; column 31, lines 30-40) and printing (figure 15; column 18, lines 8-20)
- d. dynamically assigning and determining using a computer system and/or instructions stored on a computer readable medium (column/line 12/1-16/55)
- 10. Regarding, when a status of a dynamic condition is determined, Stefik et al. teach performing this task continuously in order to properly establish periods of validity and/or expiration dates and times (column 11, lines 1-6; column 18, lines 50-56; column/line 21/30-22/15). Similarly, a content creator using the Stefik et al. determines a time periodically in order to establish validity periods as content is not created every instant of every day.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 11. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 12. Claims 3, 7, 22, 26, 40 and 44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Stefik et al.. U.S. Patent No. 5,638,443 in view of Shah-Nazaroff et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,157,377.
- 13. As per claims 3, 7, 22, 26, 40 and 44, Stefik et al. teach assigning usage rights to content based on a dynamic condition such as time (column 18, lines 50-56; column/line 21/32-22/18). However, Stefik et al. do not disclose resolution. Shah-Nazaroff et al. teach assigning usage rights such as resolution to content (figures 4 and 5; column 2, lines 18-25, 39-43 and 53-67; column 3, lines 1-6 and 59-67; column 4, lines 42-54; column 6, lines 15-52). Shah-Nazaroff et al. also teach assigning a usage right (i.e. upgrade) based on the load of a distributing computer (column 2, lines 25-38). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill to combine the teachings of Stefik et al. and Shah-Nazaroff et al. in order to allow users to take full advantage of the content processing features (e.g. high definition, surround sound) available on user devices (e.g. TV, DVD, computer) ('377, column 2, lines 16-24; column 3, lines 45-58; column/line 6/48-7/5; column/line 7/66-8/18).

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14. Claims 4, 5, 23, 24, and 41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Stefik et al.. U.S. Patent No. 5,638,443 and Shah-Nazaroff et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,157,377, as applied to claims 3, 22, above, and in further view of Cox et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,930,369.

- 15. As per claims 4, 5, 23, 24, and 41, Stefik et al. teach assigning usage rights to content based on a dynamic condition such as time (column 18, lines 50-56; column/line 21/32-22/18) while Shah-Nazaroff et al. teach assigning usage rights such as a resolution to content and determining a resolution of the content for download (figures 4 and 5; column 2, lines 18-25, 39-43 and 53-67; column 3, lines 1-6 and 59-67; column 4, lines 42-54; column 6, lines 15-52). However, neither Stefik et al. nor Shah-Nazaroff et al. explicitly recite applying a sub-band decomposition algorithm to digital content to create sub-images and combining the sub-image into the determined content resolution. Cox et al. teach a method for watermarking audio, image, video or multimedia data by applying a sub-band decomposition algorithm (i.e. wavelet) (column 12, lines 5-12; column 14, lines 25-32 and 42-50) and combining the sub-images into a processed image (column/line 6/27-7/38). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill to combine the teachings of Stefik et al., Shah-Nazaroff et al. and Cox et al. in order to identify unauthorized reproduction of content by persistently embedding a watermark into content ('369, column 1, lines 18-48, '443, figure 15; column 18, lines 8-15).
- 16. Claims 17, 36 and 54 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Stefik et al. U.S. Patent No. 5,638,443.

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17. As per claim 17, 36 and 54, Stefik et al. teach performing this task continuously in order to properly establish periods of validity and/or expiration dates and times (column 11, lines 1-6; column 18, lines 50-56; column/line 21/30-22/15). Therefore, the prior art is elastic enough to encompass a user establishing a time period (column 18, lines 50-56) just prior to the actual distribution time (*KSR International Co. v. Teleflex Inc.*, 82 USPQ2d 1385 (U.S. 2007)).

Response to Arguments

- 18. Applicant's argument with respect to the objection to claim 16 has been fully considered and is persuasive. The objection to claim 16 has been withdrawn.
- 19. Applicant's arguments with respect to the § 101 rejections of claims 1-17 have been fully considered and are persuasive. The § 101 rejections of claims 1-17 of the previous Office action have been withdrawn.
- 20. Applicant's arguments with respect to the § 112 2^{nd} ¶ rejections of claims 2, 21, and 38 have been fully considered and are persuasive. The § 112 2^{nd} ¶ rejections of claims 2, 21, and 38 of the previous Office action have been withdrawn.
- 21. Applicant's arguments with respect to the \S 112 2nd \P rejections of claims 17, 36, and 54 have been fully considered and are persuasive. The \S 112 2nd \P rejections of claims 17, 36, and 54 of the previous Office action have been withdrawn.
- 22. Applicant's arguments with respect to the § 102(b) and § 103 rejections of claims 1, 3-20, 22-37, and 39-54 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

 Applicant argues that Stefik assigns usage rights prior to distribution and does not

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assign usage rights based on dynamic conditions. However, the usage rights are assigned both prior to distribution and subsequently thereafter. For example, one of the usage rights taught by Stefik is COPY. The usage right COPY is also a method of distribution. As this right is based on a dynamic condition (copy count 1453), it must be determined and assigned at the time of distribution (exercise of the right). That is, when the user attempts to make a copy, the repository determines the status of copy count 1453. Depending on the status of that dynamic condition (copy count 1453), the COPY usage right is or isn't assigned.

Conclusion

- 23. Applicant's amendment filed April 17, 2008 necessitated the new grounds of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, this action is made final. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 C.F.R. §1.136(a).
- 24. A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire three months from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within two months of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the three-month shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 C.F.R. §1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than six months from the mailing date of this final action.

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25. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to Jamie Kucab whose telephone number is 571-270-

3025. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 9:30am-6:00pm EST.

- 26. If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, Andrew Fischer can be reached on 571-272-6779. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.
- 27. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

JK

/ANDREW J. FISCHER/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3621